- Presenting recommendations
  - What do you believe your client should do?
    - Why?
  - Emphasize both the advantages and disadvantages of what you are suggesting they do
  - Make sure your recommendations follow from your assessment of alternatives
  - Don't lose sight of your goals
    - Does all included information contribute to the points you want to make?
  - Identify clear set of instructions to the client on what they should do if they follow your advice

- Keeping the client's attention
  - Put your recommendation and key findings up front
    - What follows should support your recommendation
  - Use transitions
    - Make clear how your arguments flow
  - Make comparisons across options
    - Don't leave this work to the reader
  - Say what you found, not how you found it
    - Your reader is interested in results, not methodology

- Use tables and figures
  - Avoid putting too many numbers in the text
    - "Between 59 and 177 people earning less than \$11 will lose their jobs as a result of the minimum wage increase. Approximately 41-122 people earning the minimum wage (\$7.25) will lose their jobs. Around 2-7 people earning \$7.75 will lose their job and 4-11 people will lose their job earning \$8.25 per hour. Around 18-53 people will lose their job earning \$9.75, 10.25, and \$8.75 per hour"

Wage group	Jobs lost (low)	Jobs lost (high)	# remaining unemployed (low)	# remaining unemployed (high)	Effect on non- covered wages
\$7.25/hr	41	122	41	122	N/A
\$7.75/hr	5	14	3	7	-\$0.20
\$8.25/hr	8	23	4	11	-\$0.17

- Use tables and figures
  - Avoid putting too many numbers in the text
  - While you should not repeat the data in the text, your text should refer to any tables and figures and explain to the reader how they should be interpreted
  - Explain the key takeaway message from your data
    - Decide what information is important and *why* it is important
    - Don't expect the reader to sort through your data and figure out what is important

- Writing advice
  - Use active voice, not passive voice
    - "We find that the cost is greater than the benefit."
    - Not: "In our analysis, it was found that cost is greater than the benefit."

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  - Keep jargon to a minimum
    - Explain in language you would have understood before taking this course
      - Instead of: "The elasticity of gasoline demand is 0.5."
      - Say this instead "Economists find that for every 10% increase in price, consumers will purchase 5% less gasoline."
      - Similarly, rather than saying that demand or supply will "shift", you can say that "demand will be higher, which in turn will lead to higher prices."